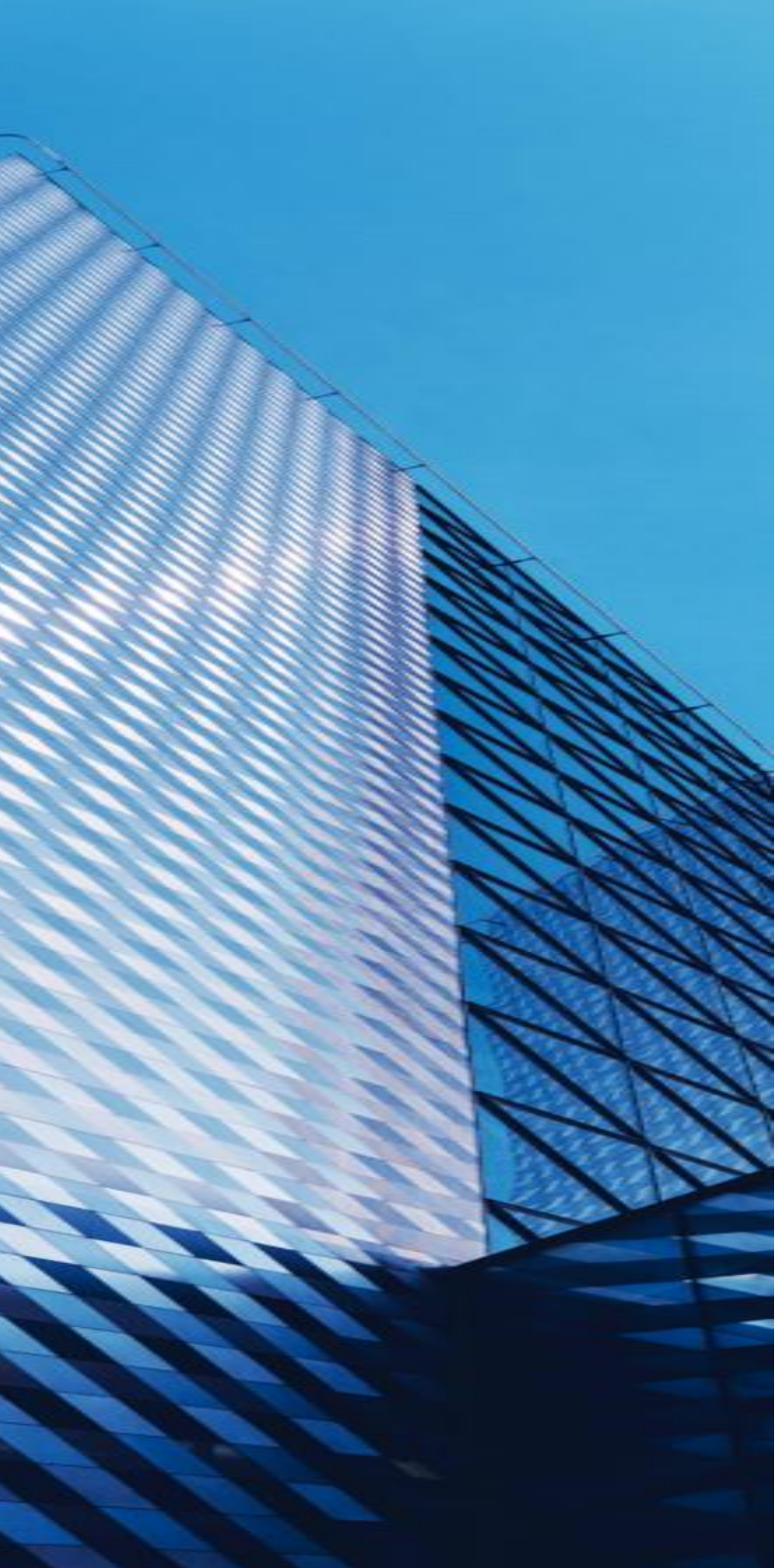
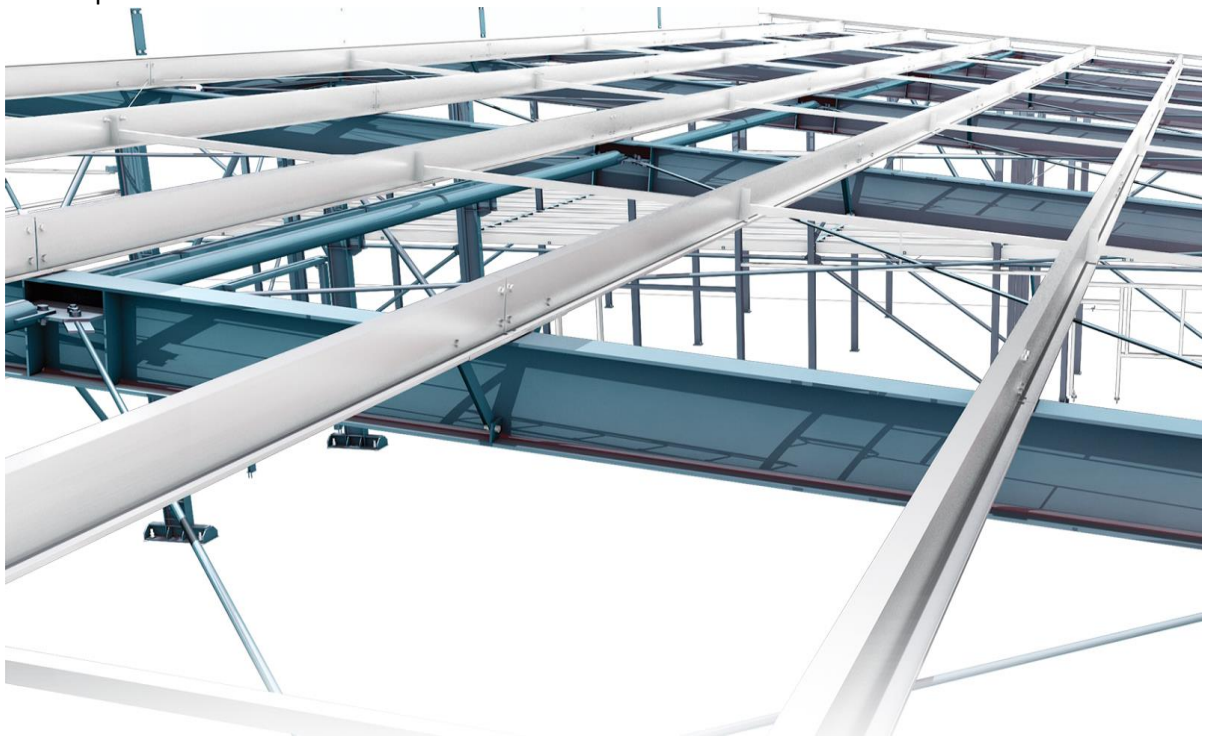


ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

IN ACCORDANCE WITH EN 15804+A2 & ISO 14025 / ISO 21930

Metsec Decarb Purlins and Framing (PD)
Voestalpine



EPD HUB, HUB-1378
Published on 09.05.2024, last updated on 07.06.2024, valid until 09.11.2025

Created with One Click LCA

GENERAL INFORMATION

MANUFACTURER

Manufacturer	Voestalpine Metsec PLC
Address	Broadwell Road Oldbury West Midlands, United Kingdom B69 4HF
Contact details	metsec.plc@voestalpine.com
Website	www.metsec.com

EPD STANDARDS, SCOPE AND VERIFICATION

Program operator	EPD Hub, hub@epdhub.com
Reference standard	EN 15804+A2:2019 and ISO 14025
PCR	EPD Hub Core PCR version 1.0, 1 Feb 2022
Sector	Construction product
Category of EPD	Design phase EPD
Scope of the EPD	Cradle to gate with options, A4, and modules C1-C4, D
EPD author	Alan Harris
EPD verification	Independent verification of this EPD and data, according to ISO 14025: ☐ Internal verification ☑ External verification
EPD verifier	Haiha Nguyen, as an authorized verifier acting for EPD Hub Limited

The manufacturer has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. EPDs within the same product category but from different programs may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804 and if they are not compared in a building context.

PRODUCT

Product name	Metsec Decarb Purlins and Framing (PD)
Additional labels	
Product reference	
Place of production	United Kingdom
Period for data	2021
Averaging in EPD	No averaging
Variation in GWP-fossil for A1-A3	- %

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA SUMMARY

Declared unit	1 kg
Declared unit mass	1 kg
GWP-fossil, A1-A3 (kgCO2e)	1,25E+00
GWP-total, A1-A3 (kgCO2e)	1,25E+00
Secondary material, inputs (%)	95.1
Secondary material, outputs (%)	85
Total energy use, A1-A3 (kWh)	6.59
Total water use, A1-A3 (m3e)	0.01

CAUTION/DISCLAIMER

The reduced figure for GWP- total, A1-A3 (kgCO2e) of 54.7% is for the use of Metsec Decarb steel exclusively compared to voestalpine Metsec plc Purlins & Framing EPD (EPD HUB HUB-0024). A project will likely need to use a mixture of Decarb steel and normal steel for practical completion. (Decarb will not be used in accessories for example and potentially not available in less common grades and section sizes). This EPD is to be used to compare the benefits of Metsec Decarb.

Due to this Metsec can help by producing a project specific / bespoke EPD after the design by Metsec has been carried out.

PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER

ABOUT THE MANUFACTURER

Metsec has been manufacturing from its site on Oldbury since 1931. In 1998 the company was acquired by voestalpine becoming voestalpine Metsec plc and the company went from strength to strength following inward investment in machinery and new facilities.

Metsec's parent company voestalpine AG is a leading European manufacturer with steel making facilities and headquarters in Austria.

The group has 500 locations in 50 countries on all 5 continents. Metsec is part of voestalpine's metal forming division (tubes and sections), a leading global provider of high quality metal processing solutions, particularly special tubes and sections, special strip steel and complex components for the automotive and many other industries.

We manufacture, design, train and deliver.
Here at voestalpine Metsec plc our core values are to provide solutions to suit a wide range of construction and manufacturing applications; with high quality, value added, technical experience and excellent customer service.

Our 5 Divisions include:

Custom Roll Forming
Dry Lining
Purlins
Framing (Metframe & SFS)
Cable Management
We understand the importance of working at the forefront of the industry and how being compliant with the latest standards is key. For this we are proud to have a large number of accreditations for sustainability, BIM and quality.

As well as section rolling we also offer a host of additional processing options including:

Folding
Welding
Punching
Profile Manipulation
In-Line Piercing
In-Line High Frequency Induction Welding
Drilling
Laser Profiling
We proactively invest in new technology to ensure the evolving expectations of our customers continue to be met or exceeded.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Metsecs journey to carbon neutrality has led to the introduction of a supplementary product range to our current offerings – Metsec Decarb.
Metsec currently has an EPD for Metsec Decarb Purlins and Framing, this EPD Metsec Purlins and Framing (PD) has been created to offer an alternative supply route.

Metsec's Purlin and Framing Divisions Metsec Decarb offers our existing product range including:
Purlins roof systems and side rails
SFS Framing - Infill walling, load bearing structures, continuous and high bay walling
Metframe - pre-panelized off-site framing system

All with a lower carbon footprint.

Purlins Roof systems and side rails: The Metsec Zed purlin, Metsec Z and C section product range consists of a fully compatible range of profiles made from cold rolled steel in depths ranging from 142mm to 342mm

deep. In addition, products come with a wide range of compatible accessories and can be supplied for the majority of cladding types and designs.

SFS Framing - Infill Walling: The most common application for Metsec SFS is infill walling. In this scenario the Metsec is constructed from the floor to soffit of the primary structural frame to 'infill' the external wall zone. This option is typically the most economical solution and allows the SFS to be installed from the inside of the building.

SFS Framing Load bearing structures: Load bearing structures make use of the axial capacity of the Metsec SFS studs, with studs designed as a series of columns to provide complete load bearing wall panels. Joists are provided to produce the floor and roof construction. These structures are typically 'stick built' on site, which ensures maximum flexibility of the structure to suit site requirements. This flexibility makes load bearing structures ideally suited to penthouses or high level inset structures where it is important to keep the loads to a minimum. They also benefit from reduced crane and transport costs, when compared to pre-panelized solutions.

SFS Continuous Walling: Continuous walling is where the SFS is designed so that it 'over-sails' the edge of the primary structure. This method is often used when a design team wants to maximize the amount of internal floor area or if they are using a cladding which cannot accommodate horizontal deflection joints at each floor level. Continuous walling is typically constructed from the outside of the building.

SFS High Bay Walling: High bay walls are similar to infill walls, except they are used internally to provide high separating walls for factory units or atriums. As they are often constructed within hot rolled steel portal frames, the amount of primary frame deflection that needs to be accommodated can be much greater than required for infill panels and bespoke details are typically provided to suit project requirements.

Metframe - pre-panelized off site framing system: The system uses studs in the same way as load bearing SFS, except they are bolted together off-site to form panels. The incorporation of heavier gauge studs and the bespoke designs allow structures to be constructed up to 15 storeys in height. Metframe structures can incorporate steel joisted or concrete floors, depending on the client's requirements. Joisted floors will offer a much lighter structure, but concrete floors generally provide a higher level of acoustic and fire protection. Pitched, dormer or flat roofs can be readily incorporated in Metframe structures as well as balconies, cantilevers, insets etc. The Metframe system can also be a solution for those needing light-gauge steel frames as they can be tailored to meet your requirements while utilizing cold-formed material to still make construction processes smoother

Metsec Decarb - Reduced Carbon footprint Steel
Fire Rating Classification = A1
Yield Strength:- 450N/mm^2 minimum
Tensile Strength:- 510 N/mm^2 minimum Density 7.85 g/cm^3
Minimum Elongation A80(%) = 14%
Zinc Coating 275g/mm^2 and 600g/mm^2 as per customer requirements
Accessories Fire Rating Classification = A1
Yield Strength:- 350N/mm^2 minimum
Tensile Strength:- 420 N/mm^2 minimum
Density 7.85 g/cm^3
Minimum Elongation A80(%) = 16%
Zinc Coating 275g/mm^2 and 600g/mm^2 as per customer requirements
For more information contact +44 (0) 121 601 6000

Customer support

Metsec Purlins and Side rail contact: metsec.Purlins@voestalpine.com

Metsec SFS contact: metsec.SFS@voestalpine.com

Metframe - pre-panelised off site framing system:

metsec.metframe@voestalpine.com

Further information can be found at www.metsec.com.

PRODUCT RAW MATERIAL MAIN COMPOSITION

Raw material category	Amount, mass- %	Material origin
Metals	100	Europe
Minerals	-	
Fossil materials	-	
Bio-based materials	-	

BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT

Product's biogenic carbon content at the factory gate

Biogenic carbon content in product, kg C	0
Biogenic carbon content in packaging, kg C	0

FUNCTIONAL UNIT AND SERVICE LIFE

Declared unit	1 kg
Mass per declared unit	1 kg
Functional unit	
Reference service life	60 Years in a dry envelope (C1 environment)

SUBSTANCES, REACH - VERY HIGH CONCERN

The product does not contain any REACH SVHC substances in amounts greater than 0,1 % (1000 ppm).

PRODUCT LIFE-CYCLE

SYSTEM BOUNDARY

This EPD covers the life-cycle modules listed in the following table.

Product stage			Assembly stage		Use stage							End of life stage				Beyond the system boundaries		
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
x	x	x	x	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	x	x	x	x	x		
Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstr./demol.	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse	Recovery	Recycling

Modules not declared = MND. Modules not relevant = MNR.

MANUFACTURING AND PACKAGING (A1-A3)

The environmental impacts considered for the product stage cover the manufacturing of raw materials used in the production as well as packaging materials and other ancillary materials. Also, fuels used by machines, and handling of waste formed in the production processes at the manufacturing facilities are included in this stage. The study also considers the material losses occurring during the manufacturing processes as well as losses during electricity transmission.

Roll Forming is the process of shaping strip metal by passing it through a series of specially designed shaped rolls, the process has high levels of repeatability and very tight tolerances. Profiles can be made from various metallic materials including Steel, Copper, Aluminum, Brass, Stainless Steel, coated Steels including Zinc, Paint and Plastic. The roll forming process can manufacture typical shaped profiles such as Channel, Angles, Boxes and Round Tube but is also able to form more complex profiles required for demanding technical solutions. The process is highly automated using modern control systems and can accommodate the piercing of holes and bespoke cut to length requirements of the customer The process includes fully integrated automated and semi automated packaging reducing handling. The finished product is stored in warehouse facilities prior to shipment to the customer. The manufacturing process requires electricity and fuels for product movement and loading as well as heating. All waste produced at Metsec is sold for recycling or is shipped to Energy Recovery Facilities. The loss of all material is considered. within this EPD

Steel and plastic strapping are used for packaging and is required to ensure safe delivery of product to the customer.

TRANSPORT AND INSTALLATION (A4-A5)

Transportation impacts occurred from final products delivery to construction site (A4) cover fuel direct exhaust emissions, environmental impacts of fuel production, as well as related infrastructure emissions.

Transportation impacts occurred from final products delivery to construction site (A4) cover fuel direct exhaust emissions, environmental impacts of fuel production, as well as related infrastructure emissions.

Average distance of transportation from production plant to building site is 120.44 km and the transportation method is via lorry (urban curtain sided vehicle and articulated or rigid open backed vehicles - Euro 6+ compliant). Vehicle capacity utilization calculated by Metsec is 96% this is governed by the pack size and shape of product and is achieved by utilizing multiple deliveries on the same vehicle. No vehicle is dedicated to a single delivery unless the volume or quantity dictates. In reality, the vehicle utilization does vary but as role of transportation emissions in total results is small, the variety in load is assumed negligible. As the vehicles are dedicated for Metsec deliveries, the km figure calculated is based on the vehicle returning empty. Transportation does not cause losses as product are packaged to prevent damage. Module A5 is excluded in this scenario since voestalpine Metsec plc do not have knowledge of how the

installation is executed. Packaging waste from the delivery of product to the construction is considered to leave the system at this stage and the impacts of waste processing until the end-of-waste stage has been accounted for.

PRODUCT USE AND MAINTENANCE (B1-B7)

This EPD does not cover the use phase.
Air, soil, and water impacts during the use phase have not been studied.

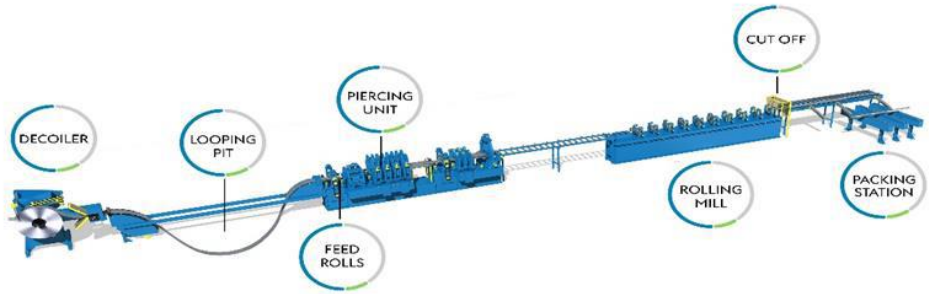
PRODUCT END OF LIFE (C1-C4, D)

Demolition is assumed to consume 0,01 kWh/kg of product. The source of energy is diesel fuel used by construction machines (C1). It is assumed that 100% of the waste is collected and transported to the waste treatment center. Transportation distance to treatment is assumed as 50 km and the transportation method is assumed to be lorry (C2). Approximately 85% of steel is assumed to be recycled World Steel Association report 2020 (C3). It is assumed that the remaining 15 % of steel is taken to landfill for final disposal (C4). Due to the recycling process, the end-of-life product is converted into recycled steel (D). The benefits and load of the recycling of packaging materials have also been included in module D.

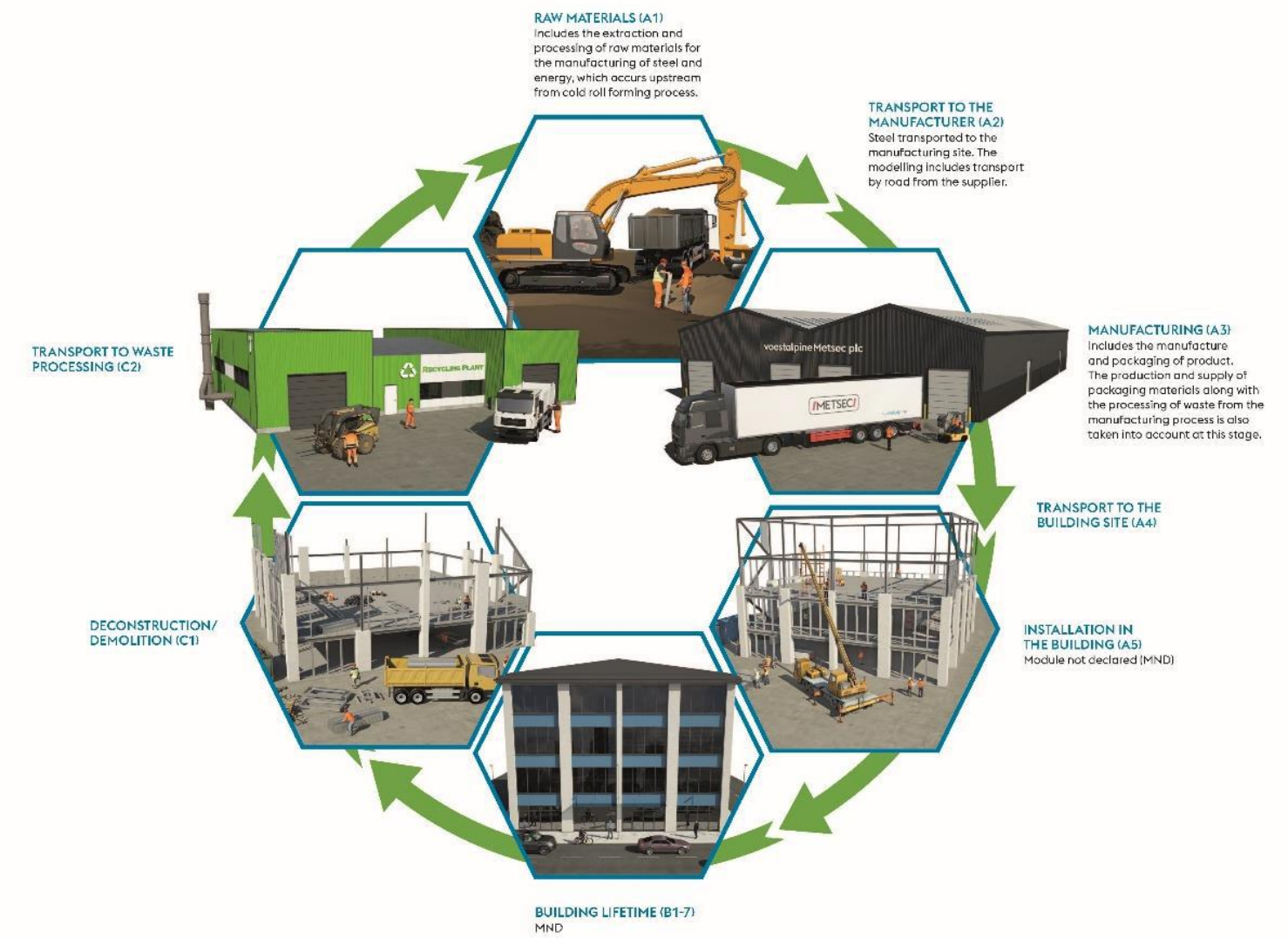
MANUFACTURING PROCESS

Cold roll forming is a reliable, proven approach to metal shaping that is ideal for modern applications. This process uses a continuous bending operation where coiled steel is passed through consecutive sets of profiled rolls. Each set of rolls performs incremental parts of a bend to produce the desired cross-section profile. Unlike other types of metal forming, the roll forming process is inherently flexible. Secondary processes can be integrated into a single production line. Roll forming increases efficiency while reducing operational and capital costs by eliminating unnecessary handling and equipment.

Metsec Cold roll forming mills can accommodate material gauges ranging from 0.5 mm up to 0. 6.0 mm. The bend radius is largely determined by the ductility of the metal. However, 180-degree bends can be achieved with the right grade of material. Cold roll forming easily accommodates the integration of secondary operations such as welding, punching and precision laser cutting to optimize production efficiency.



PRODUCT LIFECYCLE DIAGRAM



LIFE-CYCLE ASSESSMENT

CUT-OFF CRITERIA

The study does not exclude any modules or processes which are stated mandatory in the reference standard and the applied PCR. The study does not exclude any hazardous materials or substances. The study includes all major raw material and energy consumption. All inputs and outputs of the unit processes, for which data is available for, are included in the calculation. There is no neglected unit process more than 1% of total mass or energy flows. The module specific total neglected input and output flows also do not exceed 5% of energy usage or mass.

ALLOCATION, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Allocation is required if some material, energy, and waste data cannot be measured separately for the product under investigation. All allocations are done as per the reference standards and the applied PCR. In this study, allocation has been done in the following ways:

Data type	Allocation
Raw materials	No allocation
Packaging materials	Allocated by mass or volume
Ancillary materials	Not applicable
Manufacturing energy and waste	Allocated by mass or volume

AVERAGES AND VARIABILITY

Type of average	No averaging
Averaging method	Not applicable
Variation in GWP-fossil for A1-A3	- %

There is no average result considered in this study since the EPD refers to 1 Kg of Purlins and Framing product produced in one production plant.

LCA SOFTWARE AND BIBLIOGRAPHY

This EPD has been created using One Click LCA EPD Generator. The LCA and EPD have been prepared according to the reference standards and ISO 14040/14044. The EPD Generator uses Ecoinvent v3.8, Plastics Europe, Federal LCA Commons and One Click LCA databases as sources of environmental data.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT DATA

CORE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS – EN 15804+A2, PEF

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP – total[1)]	kg CO_2e	1,20E+00	7,81E-05	5,17E-02	1,25E+00	2,05E-02	3,04E-05	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,31E-03	1,11E-02	1,86E-02	7,91E-04	0,00E+00
GWP – fossil	kg CO_2e	1,20E+00	7,80E-05	5,17E-02	1,25E+00	2,05E-02	3,04E-05	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,31E-03	1,11E-02	1,86E-02	7,90E-04	0,00E+00
GWP – biogenic	kg CO_2e	1,19E-03	2,56E-08	0,00E+00	1,19E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
GWP – LULUC	kg CO_2e	5,24E-04	3,91E-08	1,81E-05	5,42E-04	8,59E-06	2,09E-08	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,30E-07	5,31E-06	2,44E-05	7,46E-07	0,00E+00
Ozone depletion pot.	kg CFC_{-11}e	3,35E-12	1,75E-11	1,87E-09	1,89E-09	4,42E-09	1,62E-12	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	7,07E-10	2,40E-09	2,30E-09	3,20E-10	0,00E+00
Acidification potential	mol H^+e	3,65E-03	5,14E-07	3,43E-04	4,00E-03	6,03E-05	1,00E-07	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,44E-05	3,23E-05	2,36E-04	7,43E-06	0,00E+00
EP-freshwater[2)]	kg Pe	1,33E-06	5,57E-10	2,87E-06	4,20E-06	1,74E-07	5,52E-10	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,10E-08	9,97E-08	9,98E-07	8,28E-09	0,00E+00
EP-marine	kg Ne	1,01E-03	1,10E-07	4,66E-05	1,06E-03	1,20E-05	2,41E-08	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,52E-05	6,23E-06	4,99E-05	2,57E-06	0,00E+00
EP-terrestrial	mol Ne	1,10E-02	1,23E-06	5,15E-04	1,15E-02	1,34E-04	2,66E-07	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,67E-04	6,94E-05	5,77E-04	2,83E-05	0,00E+00
POCP ("smog")[3)]	kg NMVOCe	2,85E-03	3,74E-07	1,46E-04	3,00E-03	5,02E-05	7,85E-08	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	4,59E-05	2,63E-05	1,59E-04	8,23E-06	0,00E+00
ADP-minerals & metals[4)]	kg Sbe	0,00E+00	2,92E-10	3,82E-07	3,82E-07	7,25E-08	7,19E-10	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,68E-09	4,98E-08	2,51E-06	1,82E-09	0,00E+00
ADP-fossil resources	MJ	0,00E+00	1,13E-03	1,35E+00	1,35E+00	2,97E-01	1,68E-04	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	4,45E-02	1,61E-01	2,52E-01	2,17E-02	0,00E+00
Water use[5)]	m^3e depr.	3,25E-01	5,38E-06	1,75E-02	3,43E-01	1,31E-03	4,32E-06	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,20E-04	8,10E-04	4,89E-03	6,87E-05	0,00E+00

1) GWP = Global Warming Potential; 2) EP = Eutrophication potential. Required characterisation method and data are in kg P-eq. Multiply by 3,07 to get PO4e; 3) POCP = Photochemical ozone formation; 4) ADP = Abiotic depletion potential; 5) EN 15804+A2 disclaimer for Abiotic depletion and Water use and optional indicators except Particulate matter and Ionizing radiation, human health. The results of these environmental impact indicators shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

USE OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Renew. PER as energy[8)]	MJ	1,91E+00	1,67E-05	7,36E-01	2,65E+00	3,53E-03	1,90E-05	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	2,54E-04	2,45E-03	4,47E-02	1,88E-04	0,00E+00
Renew. PER as material	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Total use of renew. PER	MJ	1,91E+00	1,67E-05	7,36E-01	2,65E+00	3,53E-03	1,90E-05	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	2,54E-04	2,45E-03	4,47E-02	1,88E-04	0,00E+00
Non-re. PER as energy	MJ	1,97E+01	1,13E-03	1,34E+00	2,11E+01	2,97E-01	1,68E-04	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	4,45E-02	1,61E-01	2,52E-01	2,17E-02	0,00E+00
Non-re. PER as material	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,57E-03	4,57E-03	0,00E+00	-4,57E-03	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,57E-03
Total use of non-re. PER	MJ	1,97E+01	1,13E-03	1,35E+00	2,11E+01	2,97E-01	-4,41E-03	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	4,45E-02	1,61E-01	2,52E-01	2,17E-02	4,57E-03
Secondary materials	kg	9,51E-01	4,47E-07	5,13E-04	9,51E-01	9,92E-05	5,39E-07	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,74E-05	6,45E-05	2,81E-04	4,55E-06	0,00E+00
Renew. secondary fuels	MJ	0,00E+00	4,35E-09	8,53E-06	8,53E-06	1,29E-06	7,26E-09	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	5,70E-08	8,06E-07	1,46E-05	1,19E-07	0,00E+00
Non-ren. secondary fuels	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Use of net fresh water	m^3	7,47E-03	1,43E-07	4,17E-04	7,88E-03	3,54E-05	1,14E-07	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	2,70E-06	2,17E-05	1,48E-04	2,37E-05	0,00E+00

8) PER = Primary energy resources.

END OF LIFE – WASTE

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Hazardous waste	kg	4,13E-07	1,43E-06	8,82E-03	8,82E-03	4,30E-04	1,95E-06	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	5,96E-05	2,40E-04	1,71E-03	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Non-hazardous waste	kg	8,24E-02	2,34E-05	1,11E-01	1,93E-01	6,86E-03	3,51E-05	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	4,19E-04	4,05E-03	5,47E-02	1,50E-01	0,00E+00
Radioactive waste	kg	1,72E-03	7,78E-09	1,33E-05	1,74E-03	1,98E-06	9,29E-10	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,13E-07	1,07E-06	1,48E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

END OF LIFE – OUTPUT FLOWS

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Components for re-use	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Materials for recycling	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,16E-04	4,16E-04	0,00E+00	3,34E-04	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,50E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Materials for energy rec	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Exported energy	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS – GWP-GHG - THE INTERNATIONAL EPD SYSTEM

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-GHG[9)]	kg CO_2e	1,20E+00	7,80E-05	5,17E-02	1,25E+00	2,05E-02	3,04E-05	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,31E-03	1,11E-02	1,86E-02	7,90E-04	0,00E+00

9) This indicator includes all greenhouse gases excluding biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product as defined by IPCC AR 5 (IPCC 2013). In addition, the characterisation factors for the flows - CH4 fossil, CH4 biogenic and Dinitrogen monoxide - were updated in line with the guidance of IES PCR 1.2.5 Annex 1. This indicator is identical to the GWP-total of EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 except that the characterization factor for biogenic CO2 is set to zero.

VERIFICATION STATEMENT

VERIFICATION PROCESS FOR THIS EPD

This EPD has been verified in accordance with ISO 14025 by an independent, third-party verifier by reviewing results, documents and compliancy with reference standard, ISO 14025 and ISO 14040/14044, following the process and checklists of the program operator for:

- This Environmental Product Declaration
- The Life-Cycle Assessment used in this EPD
- The digital background data for this EPD

Why does verification transparency matter? Read more online
This EPD has been generated by One Click LCA EPD generator, which has been verified and approved by the EPD Hub.

THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATION STATEMENT

I hereby confirm that, following detailed examination, I have not established any relevant deviations by the studied Environmental Product Declaration (EPD), its LCA and project report, in terms of the data collected and used in the LCA calculations, the way the LCA-based calculations have been carried out, the presentation of environmental data in the EPD, and other additional environmental information, as present with respect to the procedural and methodological requirements in ISO 14025:2010 and reference standard.

I confirm that the company-specific data has been examined as regards plausibility and consistency; the declaration owner is responsible for its factual integrity and legal compliance.

I confirm that I have sufficient knowledge and experience of construction products, this specific product category, the construction industry, relevant standards, and the geographical area of the EPD to carry out this verification.

I confirm my independence in my role as verifier; I have not been involved in the execution of the LCA or in the development of the declaration and have no conflicts of interest regarding this verification.

HaiHa Nguyen, as an authorized verifier acting for EPD Hub Limited
09.05.2024

VERIFIED ISO 14025